Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA

date the violation is discovered. Depending on the severity of the violation, the county committee may deny future farm-stored loans and loan deficiency payments without production evidence for an additional period CCC designates.

- (i) If the county committee determines that the producer has committed a violation, the county committee shall notify the producer in writing that:
- (1) The producer has 30 calendar days to provide evidence and information regarding the circumstances that caused the violation, to the county committee: and
- (2) Administrative actions will be taken.
- (j) If the loan is accelerated, the producer may not repay the loan at the lower alternative loan repayment rate and may not utilize commodity certificate exchanges, unless authorized by CCC.
- (k) Producers rejected for a farmstored loan under this section may apply for a warehouse-stored loan.
- (1) The loan plus other charges shall be payable to CCC upon demand if a producer:
- (1) Makes any fraudulent representation in obtaining a marketing assistance loan, maintaining, or settling a loan; or
- (2) Disposes or moves the loan collateral without the approval of CCC.
- (m) A producer shall be personally liable for damages resulting from a commodity delivered to or removed by CCC containing mercurial compounds, toxin producing molds, or other substances poisonous or harmful to humans or animals or property.
- (n) If the amount disbursed under a marketing assistance loan or in settlement thereof, exceeds the amount authorized by this part, the producer shall be liable for repayment of such excess and charges, plus interest.
- (o) If the amount collected from the producer in satisfaction of the marketing assistance loan is less than the amount required under this part, the producer shall be personally liable for repayment of the amount of such deficiency and charges, plus interest.
- (p) In the case of joint loans or loan deficiency payments, the personal li-

ability for the amounts specified in this section shall be joint and several on the part of each producer signing the note or loan deficiency payment application.

(q) Any or all of the liquidated damages assessed may be waived as determined by CCC.

[67 FR 63511, Oct. 11, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 67939, Dec. 5, 2003]

§1421.110 Repayments.

- (a) CCC may allow a producer to repay a nonrecourse marketing assistance loan at a rate that is the lesser of:
- (1) The loan rate and charges, plus interest determined for a crop; or
- (2) The prevailing world market price, as determined by CCC, for rice or the alternative repayment rate for all other commodities, as determined by CCC.
- (b)(1) On a form prescribed by CCC, a producer may request to lock in the applicable repayment rate for a period of:
 - (i) 60 calendar days; or
- (ii) not less than 14 calendar days before the maturity date of the loan, but not both.
- (2) The request to lock in the applicable repayment rate must be received in the FSA county service center that disbursed the loan.
- (3) The repayment rate that is locked in is the rate in effect when the request to lock in is approved.
- (4) The repayment rate may be locked in on outstanding farm-stored or warehouse-stored loans.
- (5) The repayment rate that is locked in will expire the earlier of:
- (i) 60 calendar days from date of approval or:
- (ii) 14 calendar days before loan maturity.
- (6) The requests can only be completed one time for a designated quantity.
- (7) The requests can be made in person or by facsimile.
- (8) The requests cannot be canceled, terminated, or changed after approval.
- (9) The locked-in applicable repayment rate will not transfer to any loan disbursed outside of the originating county where the commodity was stored.
- (10) Once a repayment rate is locked in it cannot be extended.

§ 1421.111

- (c) If a producer fails to repay a marketing assistance loan within the time prescribed by CCC under the terms and conditions of the request to lock in a market loan repayment rate, the producer may repay the loan:
- (1) On or before maturity, at the lesser of:
- (i) Principal plus interest as determined by CCC:
- (ii) The repayment rate in effect on the day the repayment is received in the FSA county service center.
- (2) After maturity at principal plus interest.
- (d) When the proceeds of the sale of the commodity are needed to repay all or a part of a farm-stored loan, the producer must request and obtain prior written approval on a CCC approved form and comply with the terms and conditions of such form, to remove a specified quantity of the commodity from storage. Approval does not constitute release of CCC's security interest in the commodity or release of producer liability for amounts due CCC for the marketing assistance loan indebtedness if payment in full is not received by the county office. Failure to repay a marketing assistance loan within the time period prescribed by CCC in the case of a farm-stored loan and delivery of the pledged collateral to a buyer, is a violation of the agreement. In the case of such violation, the producer must repay the loan principal and interest or another amount as determined by the Deputy Administrator, FSA, under §1421.109.
- (e) The producer may obtain county committee approval of a release of all or part of pledged collateral for a warehouse-stored loan at or before the maturity of such loan by paying to CCC:
- (1) The principal amount of the marketing assistance loan and charges plus interest, or
- (2) An amount less than the principal amount of the marketing assistance loan and charges plus interest under the terms and conditions specified by CCC at the time the producer redeems the collateral for such loan.
- (f) A partial release of marketing assistance loan collateral must cover all of the commodity represented by one warehouse receipt. Warehouse receipts redeemed by repayment of the mar-

keting assistance loan shall be released only to the producer. However, such receipt may be released to persons designated in a written authorization that is filed with the county office by the producer within 15 days before the date of repayment.

- (g) The note and security agreement shall not be released until the marketing assistance loan has been satisfied in full.
- (h)(1) If the commodity is moved from storage without obtaining prior approval to move such commodity, such removal shall constitute unauthorized removal or disposition, as applicable under §1421.109(b), unless the removal occurred on a non-workday and the producer notified the county office on the next workday of such removal
- (2) Any loan quantities involved in a violation of §1421.109 must be repaid under §1421.109(e).

§ 1421.111 Commodity certificate exchanges.

- (a) For any outstanding marketing assistance loan, a producer may purchase a commodity certificate and exchange that commodity certificate for the marketing assistance loan collateral
- (b) The exchange rate is the lessor of:
- (1) The loan rate and charges, plus interest applicable to the loan;
- (2) The prevailing world market price, as determined by CCC, for rice or the alternative repayment rate for all other commodities, as determined by CCC.
- (c) Commodity certificate exchanges may not be used when locking in a repayment rate under §1421.110.
- (d) Producers must request a commodity certificate exchange in person at the FSA county service center that disbursed the marketing assistance loan by:
- (1) Completing a written request as CCC determines.
- (2) Purchasing a commodity certificate for the exact amount required to exchange the marketing assistance loan collateral.
- (3) Immediately exchanging the purchased commodity certificate for the outstanding loan collateral.